# INTERNATIONAL HOUSE OF PRAYER TLH – HILLTOP CHURCH Jesus' Early Ministry (Jn. 1:19-4:42)

# Jesus' Early Ministry (Jn. 1:19-4:42)

## I. JOHN THE BAPTIST DECLARED JESUS TO BE THE LAMB OF GOD (JN. 1:19-28)

- A. A delegation of priests and Levites were sent from Jerusalem to ask John about his ministry in Perea (Jn. 1:19-28). John identified Jesus as the Lamb of God (Jn. 1:29-34). The Pharisees were looking for a king who would deliver them from Roman oppression, not for a spiritual leader.
  - <sup>26</sup>John answered them, saying, "...there stands One among you whom you do not know.

    <sup>27</sup>It is He... whose sandal strap I am not worthy to loose." <sup>28</sup>These things were done in <u>Bethabara [Bethany] beyond the Jordan</u>... <sup>29</sup>The <u>next day</u> John saw <u>Jesus</u> coming toward him, and said, "Behold! <u>The Lamb of God</u> who takes away the sin of the world..." (Jn. 1:26-29)
- B. *Lamb of God*: The One who died for our sins as a lamb (Isa. 53:7; cf. Gen. 22:8-14; Ex. 12:3-17; Isa. 53:12; 1 Pet. 1:19). This title joins together the truths about Jesus' purity, gentleness, and submission to God as the substitutionary atonement as the Passover lamb (Ex. 12: 21-27).
- C. Notice three ideas repeated in three verses (Jn. 1:15, 27, 30)—*He that comes after me* (in the time of his birth and ministry), *He is preferred before me*—Jesus' supremacy over him (Mt. 3:11), and *He was before me* (1:30)— Jesus' pre-existence as the uncreated God with the Father. The high point of John the Baptist's testimony about Jesus is that He is the Son of God (1:34).
  - <sup>30</sup> "This is He of whom I said, 'After me comes a Man who is <u>preferred before me</u>, for He was <u>before me</u>."... <sup>32</sup> John bore witness, saying, "I saw the Spirit descending from heaven like a dove, and He <u>remained</u> upon Him. <sup>33</sup> I did not know Him, but He [the Father] who sent me to baptize with water said to me, 'Upon whom you see the Spirit descending, and remaining on Him, this is He who baptizes with the Holy Spirit.' <sup>34</sup> And I have seen and testified that this is the <u>Son of God</u>." (Jn. 1:30-34)
- D. Jesus found Philip (Jn. 1:43-44), who witnessed to Nathaniel (Jn. 1:45-51), either before traveling to Galilee or soon after arriving there..
  - <sup>43</sup>The following day <u>Jesus wanted to go to Galilee</u>, and He found Philip and said to him, "Follow Me." <sup>44</sup>Now <u>Philip was from Bethsaida</u>, the city of Andrew and Peter. <sup>45</sup>Philip found Nathanael and said to him, "We have found Him of whom Moses...and the prophets, wrote..." <sup>46</sup>Nathanael said to him, "Can anything good come out of Nazareth?"... <sup>47</sup>Jesus saw Nathanael coming toward Him, and said of him, "Behold, an <u>Israelite indeed, in whom is no deceit!</u>" <sup>48</sup>Nathanael said to Him, "How do You know me?" Jesus answered..., "...when you were under the fig tree, I saw you." <sup>49</sup>Nathanael...said to Him, "Rabbi, You are the <u>Son of God.</u>.." (Jn. 1:43-49)
- E. Jacob had an encounter with the Lord in a dream at Bethel (Gen. 28:10-22). Jesus referred to Jacob's encounter to describe the greater revelation that Nathanael and others would experience.
  - <sup>50</sup>Jesus answered..., "Because I said to you, 'I saw you under the fig tree,' do you believe? You will see greater things than these." <sup>51</sup>He said to him, "Most assuredly...hereafter you shall see <u>heaven open</u>, and the angels of God ascending and descending upon the Son of Man." (Jn. 1:50-51)

### II. JESUS' EARLY PUBLIC MINISTRY IN JUDEA IN EARLY AD 27 (JN. 2-4)

- A. Jesus' first miracle was changing water to wine at Cana in Galilee in the spring AD 27 (Jn. 2:1-11). Jesus began His earthly ministry in context to a wedding feast, symbolizing the messianic banquet.
  - <sup>1</sup>On the third day there was a wedding in Cana of Galilee, and the mother of Jesus was there.

    <sup>2</sup>Now both Jesus and His disciples were invited to the wedding. <sup>3</sup>And when they ran out of wine, the mother of Jesus said to Him, "They have no wine." <sup>4</sup>Jesus said to her, "Woman, what does your concern have to do with Me? My hour has not yet come." <sup>5</sup>His mother said to the servants, "Whatever He says to you, do it." (Jn. 2:1-5)
- B. Mary knew Jesus was recently anointed by the Spirit and thought it might be time for Him to begin to *openly manifest* His power (2:3). Jesus publicly demonstrated His power first in Jerusalem. The hour of *publicly* manifesting His power was not at hand. Mary gathered from His response to her that He intended to help, so she told the servants to obey Him without making a big display (2:5).
- C. **Woman**: Calling Mary "woman" was not disrespectful, but He wanted her to know that she must no longer think of Jesus *only* in terms of being her son—He was her Lord. He wanted her to know that their relationship was now changing as He entered His messianic ministry.

#### III. JESUS' FIRST VISIT TO JERUSALEM (JN. 2:13-3:21)

- A. Jesus' first Passover after He was anointed by the Spirit was in April, AD 27. He traveled about 90 miles from Capernaum to Jerusalem to attend. He wanted the leaders of Israel to have the first opportunity to accept Him as the Messiah. Jesus cleansed the temple during Passover (Jn. 2:13-22). He cleansed the temple three years later (Lk. 19:45-48). This was His first public act as Messiah.
  - 13 Now the <u>Passover</u> of the Jews was at hand, and Jesus went up to Jerusalem. 14 And He found in the temple those who sold oxen and sheep and doves, and the money changers doing business. 15 When He had made a <u>whip of cords</u>, He drove them all out of the temple, with the sheep and the oxen and poured out the changers' money and overturned the tables. 16 And He said to those who sold doves, "Take these things away! Do not make My Father's house a house of merchandise!" 17 Then His disciples remembered that it was written, "Zeal for Your house has eaten Me up." (Jn. 2:13-22)
  - 1. Only John mentioned the cleansing of the temple at the beginning of Jesus' ministry. This reveals an important aspect of Christ's character which is ignored by many today. The Old Testament predicted that Messiah would come and purify the Levites (Mal. 3:1-3). The prophecy was partially fulfilled by this.
- B. Why did Jesus not answer clearly? He sometimes offends the mind to reveal the heart.

  18 The January spirit a Him "What sign do You show to use since You do those things?"
  - <sup>18</sup>The Jews...said to Him, "What sign do You show to us, since You do these things?" <sup>19</sup>Jesus... said to them, "Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up." <sup>20</sup>Then the Jews said, "It has taken forty-six years to build this temple...?" <sup>21</sup>He was speaking of the temple of His body. (Jn. 2:18-21)
- C. Jesus did many signs *publicly* so that many believed (Jn. 2:23-25). However, Jesus knew they were following Him to see the miraculous and not out of genuine desire to be right with God.

<sup>23</sup>Now when He was in Jerusalem at the <u>Passover</u>...<u>many believed in His name when they saw</u> the signs which He did. <sup>24</sup>But Jesus did not commit Himself to them, because He knew all men, <sup>25</sup>and had no need that anyone should testify of man, for He knew what was in men. (Jn 2:23-25)

- 1. The people sought a political king, not a spiritual deliverer. He knew the men were interested in miracles and not spiritual reform. They wanted the miraculous to serve their own purposes. He knew their enthusiasm from seeing miracles would soon dissipate. Many who believed turned against Him later (Jn. 6:15, 60, 66). He did not place His destiny in the hands of any others—He was not dependent on human approval.
- D. Nicodemus was a Pharisee and a member of the Sanhedrin (Jn. 3:1; 7:50-51). Jerusalem was stirred up after Jesus cleansed the temple and did miracles that caused many to want to follow Him.
  - <sup>1</sup>"There was a man of the Pharisees named <u>Nicodemus</u>, a ruler of the Jews. <sup>2</sup>This man came to Jesus by <u>night</u> and said to Him, "Rabbi, we know that You are a teacher come from God; for no one can do these signs that You do unless God is with him." <sup>3</sup>Jesus answered and said to him, "Most assuredly, I say to you, unless one is <u>born again</u>, he cannot <u>see</u> the kingdom of God." <sup>4</sup>Nicodemus said to Him, "How can a man be born when he is old?..." <sup>5</sup>Jesus answered, "Most assuredly...unless one is <u>born of water</u> and <u>the Spirit</u>, he cannot <u>enter</u> the kingdom of God. <sup>6</sup>That which is born of the flesh is flesh, and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit.' (Jn 3:1-6)
  - 1. Many believe that being "born of water and the Spirit" refers to natural birth and spiritual birth. Some propose that being born of the water and spirit *both* speak of the new birth. The Old Testament often used water to speak of spiritual cleansing and empowering when associated with the ministry of the Spirit (Isa. 32:15; 44:3-5; 55:1-3; Jer. 2:13; 17:13; Ezek. 47:9; Zech. 14:8). In Ezekiel 36:25-27, water and spirit come together to signify cleansing and salvation.
- E. Jesus explained that He could speak about heavenly things because He had descended from heaven and was presently in a dynamic connection with heaven and His Father.
  - <sup>13</sup>No one has ascended to heaven but He who came down from heaven, that is, the Son of Man who is in heaven. <sup>14</sup>And as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of Man be lifted up... <sup>16</sup>For God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son, that whoever believes in Him should not perish but have everlasting life." (Jn. 3:13-16)

#### IV. JOHN THE BAPTIST'S RESPONSE TO JESUS' MINISTRY (JN. 3:22-30)

- A. Jesus was with His disciples who were baptizing in Judean countryside (Jn. 3:22), summer AD 27. The location of Aenon (lit. springs) near Salim points to a site a few miles west of the Jordan River.
  - <sup>22</sup>"After these things Jesus and His disciples came into the <u>land of Judea</u>, and there He remained with them and baptized. <sup>23</sup>Now John also was baptizing in <u>Aenon</u> near Salim... (Jn. 3:22)
- B. Jesus was revealed by John the Baptist as the Bridegroom God (Jn. 3:29). Jesus *is* a Bridegroom; thus, He feels, thinks, and acts as a Bridegroom forever. He *has* the bride. From ages past, the Father promised to give Jesus a Bride as His inheritance, and Jesus was committed to purchase her on the cross.

<sup>25</sup>There arose a <u>dispute</u> between some of John's disciples and the Jews about <u>purification</u>.

<sup>26</sup>And they came to John and said, "...He [Jesus] is baptizing, and <u>all are coming to Him!</u>"

<sup>27</sup>John...said, "A man can receive nothing <u>unless it has been given to him from heaven</u>...

<sup>29</sup>He who <u>has</u> the bride <u>is</u> the bridegroom; but the <u>friend of the bridegroom</u>...rejoices greatly because of the bridegroom's voice..." (Jn. 3:25-29

C. John functioned in ministry as a *friend of the Bridegroom*. This speaks of having a specific message and spirit in ministering to people. The message is to make known Jesus' desire, beauty, and commitments as the Bridegroom God and to call people to love Him with all their heart.

### V. JESUS' MINISTRY IN SAMARIA (JN. 4:1-42)

- A. Jesus returned to Galilee through Samaria (Jn. 4:1-4). To avoid premature trouble due to growing popularity, Jesus went to Galilee. Some Jews walked *around* Samaria. Jesus *needed* to go *through* it, probably because the Spirit led Him, so He could speak to the Samaritan woman.
  - <sup>1</sup>Therefore, when the <u>Lord knew that the Pharisees had heard</u> that Jesus made and baptized more disciples than John <sup>2</sup>(though Jesus Himself did not baptize, but His disciples), <sup>3</sup>He left Judea and departed again to Galilee. <sup>4</sup>But <u>He needed to go through Samaria</u>. (Jn. 4:1-4)
- B. The woman at the well in the city of Sychar in Samaria (Jn. 4:5-26). That is still a famous well which Jacob dug. The site is a popular tourist attraction, and the deep spring still flows. The sixth hour would have been noon. Jesus shared our fatigue and thirst in His humanity (Heb. 4:15-16).
  - <sup>5</sup>He came to a city of Samaria which is called <u>Sychar</u>... <sup>6</sup>Jacob's well was there. Jesus therefore, being <u>wearied</u> from His journey, sat thus by the well. It was about the sixth hour [noon]. <sup>7</sup>A woman of Samaria came to draw water. Jesus said to her, "Give Me a drink." <sup>8</sup>For His disciples had gone away into the city to buy food. (Jn. 4:5-8)
- C. The Jews regarded the Samaritans as unclean heathen idolaters. Jesus called her to "drink"— in the Greek this speaks of continuous action (Jn. 4:14).
  - <sup>9</sup>Then the woman of Samaria said to Him, "How is it that You, being a Jew, ask a drink from me, a Samaritan woman?" For Jews have no dealings with Samaritans. <sup>10</sup>Jesus answered and said to her, "If you knew the gift of God, and who it is who says to you, 'Give Me a drink,' you would have asked Him, and He would have given you <u>living water</u>."... <sup>14</sup>[Jesus said] "...whoever <u>drinks</u> of the water that I shall give him will <u>never thirst</u>..." <sup>15</sup>The woman said to Him, "Sir, give me this water, that I may not thirst, nor come here to draw." (Jn. 4:9-15)
- D. She was surprised and stirred by Jesus knowing about her marital relationships (Jn. 4:16-19). The Samaritan woman spoke of Jesus to others, and many in her city believed (Jn. 4:25-30, 39-42). The openness of the Samaritans contrasts with the hostility of many Jewish hearers.
  - <sup>25</sup>The woman said..., "I know that Messiah is coming"...<sup>26</sup>Jesus said..., "<u>I who speak to you am He</u>"...<sup>28</sup>The woman...went her way into the city, and said to the men, <sup>29</sup>"Come, see a Man who told me all things that I ever did"... <sup>39</sup>And many of the Samaritans of that city believed in Him because of the word of the woman who testified... (Jn. 4:25-39)